Department of Legislative Services

Maryland General Assembly 2023 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE Third Reader - Revised

Senate Bill 510

(Senator Ellis)

Budget and Taxation

Health and Government Operations

Procurement – Minority Business Enterprises and Veteran–Owned Small Business Enterprises – Participation Goal Scorecard

This bill requires the Governor's Office of Small, Minority, and Women Business Affairs (GOSBA) to develop a scorecard to evaluate State agencies on their performance toward meeting the State's minority business enterprise (MBE) participation goal and the veteran-owned small business enterprise (VSBE) goal. The scorecard must include a grading scale developed by GOSBA as a weighted system that includes each agency's contribution toward meeting each of the two participation goals. GOSBA must publish each agency's grades on its website and, within 30 days, submit the information to the General Assembly.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: GOSBA can implement the bill's requirements with existing budgeted resources. No effect on revenues.

Local Effect: None.

Small Business Effect: Minimal.

Analysis

Current Law: For an overview of the State's MBE program, please see the Appendix – Minority Business Enterprise Program.

GOSBA is required to report annually on agency-level performance under both the MBE program and the VSBE program.

GOSBA must adopt regulations that establish an overall percentage goal for the value of contract awards to VSBEs. Each State agency must structure its procurement procedures to try to achieve the percentage goal of the total dollar value of procurement contracts to be made to VSBEs established by GOSBA. GOSBA has set the current goal at 1% in regulation.

Chapter 740 of 2018 establishes that, for the purpose of determining whether a business is a VSBE under State procurement law, a "veteran" is an individual who is verified as having served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces. It also transferred authority for administering the State's VSBE preference program from the Board of Public Works to GOSBA.

Additional Information

Prior Introductions: Similar legislation has not been introduced within the last three years.

Designated Cross File: HB 816 (Delegate Phillips, *et al.*) - Health and Government Operations.

Information Source(s): Governor's Office of Small, Minority, and Women Business Affairs; Department of Legislative Services

Fiscal Note History: First Reader - March 2, 2023 km/ljm Third Reader - March 27, 2023

Revised - Amendment(s) - March 27, 2023

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Appendix – Minority Business Enterprise Program

The State's Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) program requires that a statewide goal for MBE contract participation be established biennially through the regulatory process under the Administrative Procedure Act. The biennial statewide MBE goal is established by the Special Secretary for the Governor's Office of Small, Minority, and Women Business Affairs (GOSBA), in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation and the Office of the Attorney General (OAG). In a year in which there is a delay in establishing the overall goal, the previous year's goal applies. The Special Secretary is also required to establish biennial guidelines for State procurement units to consider in deciding whether to establish subgoals for different minority groups recognized in statute. In a year in which there is a delay in issuing the guidelines, the previous year's guidelines apply. The Maryland Department of Transportation is the State's MBE certification agency.

In August 2013, GOSBA announced a new statewide goal of 29% MBE participation that applied to fiscal 2014 and 2015; as no new goal has been established, the 29% goal remains in effect for fiscal 2023. GOSBA issued subgoal guidelines in July 2011 and then updated them effective August 2020, as summarized in **Exhibit 1.** The guidelines state that subgoals may be used only when the overall MBE goal for a contract is greater than or equal to the sum of all recommended subgoals for the appropriate industry, plus two. MBE prime contractors may count their own work for up to 50% of a contract's MBE goal and up to 100% of any contract subgoal. Their full participation counts toward the State's 29% goal.

Exhibit 1 Subgoal Guidelines for Minority Business Enterprise Participation

	Architectural/			Information		Supplies/	
	Construction	Engineering	Maintenance	Technology	Services	Equipment	
African							
American	8%	7%	9%	10%	-	6%	
Hispanic	-	-	3%	-	2%	2%	
Asian	-	-	2%	-	3%	-	
Women	11%	10%	-	10%	10%	8%	
Total	19%	17%	14%	20%	15%	16%	
Total +2	21%	19%	16%	22%	17%	18%	

Source: Governor's Office of Small, Minority, and Women Business Affairs

There are no penalties for agencies that fail to reach the statewide target. However, Chapters 155 and 156 of 2022 require GOSBA to refer prime contractors that persistently fail to meet MBE participation goals on their contracts to OAG for debarment for up to three years.

History and Rationale of the Minority Business Enterprise Program

In 1989, the U.S. Supreme Court held in the *City of Richmond v. J.A. Croson Co.* that state or local MBE programs using race-based classifications are subject to strict scrutiny under the equal protection clause of the Fourteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution. In addition, the ruling held that an MBE program must demonstrate clear evidence that the program is narrowly tailored to address actual disparities in the marketplace for the jurisdiction that operates the program. As a result, prior to each reauthorization of the State's MBE program, the State conducts a disparity study to determine whether there is continued evidence that MBEs are underutilized in State contracting.

The disparity study completed in 2017 serves as the basis for the most recent reauthorization of the MBE program. It found continued and ongoing disparities in the overall annual wages, business earnings, and rates of business formation between nonminority males and minorities and women in Maryland. For instance, average annual wages for African Americans (both men and women) were 37% lower than for comparable nonminority males; average annual wages for nonminority women were 33% lower than for comparable nonminority males. It also found continued disparities in the use of MBEs by the State compared to their availability in the marketplace to perform work in designated categories of work. For instance, African American-owned construction businesses were paid 5.1% of State construction contract dollars, but they made up 10.3% of the construction sector in the relevant State marketplace. Nonminority women-owned construction businesses were paid 7.5% of State construction contract dollars but made up 13.7% of the construction sector. According to the analysis, these differences were large and statistically significant.

The MBE program is scheduled to terminate July 1, 2024; Chapter 117 of 2022, which reauthorized the program for the ninth time since its inception, required a new disparity study to be completed by September 2023 to inform the subsequent reauthorization process. **Exhibit 2** provides MBE participation rates for major Executive Branch agencies based on contract awards made during fiscal 2021, the most recent year for which data is available.

Exhibit 2 Minority Business Enterprise Participation Rates, by Agency Fiscal 2021

Cabinet Agency	% Participation
Aging	0.1%
Agriculture	5.0%
Budget and Management	1.0%
Commerce	2.2%
Education	4.4%
Environment	33.4%
Executive Department	2.2%
General Services	15.3%
Health	3.6%
Higher Education Commission	0.7%
Housing and Community Development	22.6%
Human Services	NA
Information Technology	6.0%
Juvenile Services	12.6%
Labor	3.3%
Military	1.4%
Natural Resources	1.2%
Planning	1.2%
State Police	8.2%
Public Safety and Correctional Services	33.3%
Transportation – Aviation Administration	21.5%
Transportation – Motor Vehicle Administration	32.8%
Transportation – Office of the Secretary	28.20%
Transportation – Port Administration	17.8%
Transportation – State Highway Administration	24.5%
Transportation – Transit Administration	23.9%
Transportation – Transportation Authority	19.3%
Statewide Total ¹	17.2%

¹ Includes the University System of Maryland, Morgan State University, St. Mary's College of Maryland, and non-Cabinet agencies.

NA: Not Available/Did Not Report

Source: Governor's Office of Small, Minority, and Women Business Affairs

Requirements for Minority Business Enterprise Certification

An MBE is a legal entity, other than a joint venture, that is:

- organized to engage in commercial transactions;
- at least 51% owned and controlled by one or more individuals who are socially and economically disadvantaged; and
- managed by, and the daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more of the socially and economically disadvantaged individuals who own it.

A socially and economically disadvantaged individual is defined as a citizen or legal U.S. resident who is African American, Native American, Asian, Hispanic, physically or mentally disabled, a woman, or otherwise found by the State's MBE certification agency to be socially and economically disadvantaged. An MBE owned by a woman who is also a member of an ethnic or racial minority group may be certified as being owned by both a woman and by a member of a racial or ethnic minority, but for the purpose of participating on a contract as an MBE, it can only be counted as one or the other.

A socially disadvantaged individual is someone who has been subject to racial or ethnic prejudice or cultural bias within American society because of his or her membership in a group and without regard to individual qualities. An economically disadvantaged individual is someone who is socially disadvantaged whose ability to compete in the free enterprise system has been impaired due to diminished capital and credit opportunities compared with those who are not socially disadvantaged. An individual with a personal net worth in excess of \$1.5 million, adjusted annually for inflation, is not considered economically disadvantaged. The inflation-adjusted limit for calendar 2023 is \$1,995,008.